Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI)

If you answer yes to any of the following questions, please notify your technician

MRI QUESTIONNAIRE FOR PATIENT

Do you have any of the following (YES/NO)

Please Circle Cardiac pacemaker/defibrillator Cardiac Pacing wires No Yes Previous cardiac surgery Read Stimulator for nerves, brain or bone Read Surgery No Yes Read Surgery No Yes Read Surgery No Yes

Brain Surgery No Yes Aneurysm clips No Yes Ocular (eye) or Cochlear (ear) implant Nο Yes Implanted electrical device Nο Yes Vascular stents/coils/filters or occlusion devices No Yes Electrical, mechanically or electronically activated implants No Yes Have you ever had metal in your eyes or worked extensively with metal? Nο Yes Vascular access port or catheter Nο Yes

There is no need to telephone concerning the following conditions or devices

Brain shunt tube	No	Yes
Hearing aid	No	Yes
Joint replacement or prosthesis	No	Yes
Metal pins, rods or screws in bone/soft tissue	No	Yes
Shrapnel, bullet or gunshot	No	Yes
Denture/teeth braces/orthodontic implants	No	Yes
Any other implanted metallic device	No	Yes
Ear/body piercing	No	Yes
Do you have dark ink/dye tattoos or medicated skin patches?	No	Yes
Do you have an IUD?	No	Yes
Are you pregnant or could be pregnant?	No	Yes

Please help our technicians by removing any rings, watches, earrings, hairpins, bracelets and/or other detachable items whilst you are waiting for your appointment



Do **NOT** bring any items into the MRI room with you. You will be asked to change into a gown prior to your examination and your personal items will be locked. Some items brought into a magnetic field could result in harm to yourself or our staff, damage the equipment or they could be themselves damaged or destroyed.

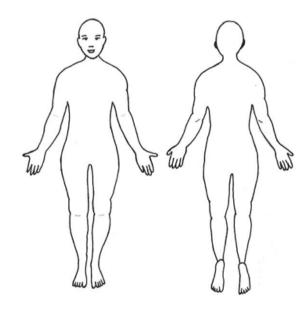
Before your scan, you must remove all metal objects in your possession or on your person, including watches, mobile phones, credit cards, coins, keys, body piercings, ear rings, hair clips, hair extensions, hearing aids, removable dentures, jewellery, eyeliner, caliper, corset or artificial limb. Territory X-ray Services are not responsible for any personal belongings that may be lost or damaged whilst attending our practice. If you have any concerns or questions please consult the MR Technologist prior to entering the MR Room.

MRI CONTRAST STUDY QUESTIONNAIRE

Have you ever had a radiological test requiring x-ray dye? (IVP, CT, MRI, Angiogram) If yes, did you experience any problems during or after the procedure, such as an allergic reaction? If yes, please provide further details:		Yes Yes
Are you currently on any medications and/or taking sedatives? If yes, please list:	No	Yes
Do you have any allergies? (e.g. medications, foods, tapes, creams) If yes, please provide further details:	No	Yes
Do you suffer from kidney (renal) disease?	No	Yes
For female patients of childbearing age: Are you breastfeeding?	No	Yes

MRI CLINICAL INFORMATION QUESTIONNAIRE What problem(s) brought you to the doctor/health professional that resulted in this MRI scan being ordered? What do you think might have caused the problem and when did it start? Have you had any previous surgery? Yes No Have you had any treatment on the body region that we are scanning today? No If so, please list: Date Type of Surgery / Treatment Name of Surgeon / Health Care Provider Have you had any of the following tests done that are relevant to your current medical condition? When Where Result X-ray Yes No Ultrasound Yes No MRI Yes No Yes CT No Other Yes No Please circle the area of pain/discomfort on the drawing below, indicating symptoms with the below letters:

Key	D - Dull ache
	S - Sharp pain
	N - Numbness
	T - Tingling



Please list your weight: _____kg

It is a safety requirement that you answer this question to the best of your knowledge

MRI Contrast Dye (Gadolinium)

Some patients undergoing an MRI scan may require an injection of an intravenous (IV) dye (contrast) known as Gadolinium, which is a paramagnetic substance that is visible on MRI scans. The contrast is delivered into your body through a small plastic tube known as an intravenous cannula, which is placed into a vein in your arm by a nurse or radiographer who are both experienced in performing this procedure. This will result in a minor discomfort, usually no more than taking blood from your arm. The IV contrast is NOT radioactive.

Most injections of IV contrast occur uneventfully. So that you are fully informed of the risks prior to the examination, Territory X-Ray Services would like to inform you that:

- The most common side effect is a minor contrast reaction, which occurs in less than 0.05% of cases. Symptoms include headache, sneezing, nausea, vomiting, hives and swelling and usually settle rapidly. Occasionally medications may be required to help alleviate the symptoms if they persists for some time.
- Less commonly, a severe (anaphylactoid) contrast reaction occurs in approximately 0.03–0.1% of cases. This includes a rapid or slow heart rate, low blood pressure, an asthma attack (bronchospasm) and complete circulatory collapse/shock. Such reactions require urgent medical treatment and immediate transfer to an appropriate facility, such as an emergency department or intensive care unit. Despite best medical attempts and rapid treatment, a person may die from a severe reaction, however this is fortunately rare, occurring in 0.0000001% (1 in 10 million) of cases. Territory X-Ray Services possesses the equipment and trained medical staff to assist in providing immediate lifesaving treatment should this be required.
- Patients with kidney (renal) impairment or failure should not undergo an injection of gadolinium unless this has been cleared by a specialist in this field (renal physician) in order to avoid a potentially life threatening condition known as NSF (Nephrogenic Systemic Fibrosis).
- Patients who have had a contrast reaction to the dye used in CT, IVP and angiographic examinations are at a 3.7 times increased risk of an adverse reaction.

Otherwise, there is no way of predicting who will be allergic to contrast until the dye is given. A patient who becomes allergic will usually develop their symptoms within 10 minutes, typically within the first one or two minutes and therefore will be still on our premises where assistance and medical treatment may be provided.

CONSENT FOR AN MRI EXAMINATION & MRI CONTRAST

I have read the above information and am aware of the risks and benefits of undergoing an MRI examination and also the risks and benefits of being administered gadolinium intravenous contrast. I have been provided with the opportunity to have any questions answered and I therefore give my consent to an MRI scan and any possible injection of intravenous contrast. I confirm that the questions have been answered to the best of my knowledge.

Patient Name (Print)	Signature	Date
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MR Technologist	Date / Time	Contrast Label